

Casa Holdings (P)

THE COMPANIES ACT, CAP. 50

REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum

and

Articles of Association

of

CASA HOLDINGS LIMITED

Incorporated on the 2nd day of September 1994

Updated till 21 August 1995

THE COMPANIES ACT
(CHAPTER 50)
SECTION 31(3)
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON
CONVERSION TO A PUBLIC COMPANY

FORM

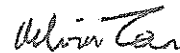
20

Name of Company: CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD

Company No: 199406212Z

This is to certify that the abovenamed company, which was on 2 September 1994 incorporated under the Companies Act as a company limited by shares, did on 21 August 1995 convert to a public company and that the name of the company now is **CASA HOLDINGS LIMITED.**

Given under my hand and seal on 21 August 1995.



KELVIN TAN HENG KIAT
SENIOR ASST REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES AND BUSINESSES
SINGAPORE

FORM 9
THE COMPANIES ACT, CAP. 50.
Section 19(4).

Company No.
199406212Z

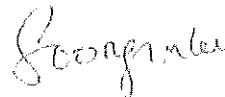
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF PRIVATE COMPANY

This is to certify that
CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD

is incorporated under the Companies Act, Cap. 50, on and from 02/09/1994

and that the company is a private company limited by shares.

Given under my hand and seal on 02/09/1994



SR ASST MRS CHNG-LEE SOON GIM
Registrar of Companies and Businesses
Singapore

THE COMPANIES ACT
(CHAPTER 50)/
The Companies Regulations 1987
‡Sections 17 (7), 26 (2), 30 (4), 31 (1) and (2),
33 (9), 34, 186 (1), 227B (1) and 290 (2)/
Regulations 24 and 66

NOTICE OF RESOLUTION

FORM
11
Folio No

Name of Company: CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD

Company No: 199406212Z

The Registrar of Companies and Businesses,
Singapore

At a (general) meeting of the *members/~~creditors/directors~~ of the abovenamed company duly convened and held at #23-01 Ocean Building 10 Collyer Quay S'pore 0104 on 21st August 19 95....., the *special/~~ordinary/Directors~~ resolution set out *below/in the fannexure marked with the letter "A" and signed by me for purposes of identification was *duly passed/~~agreed to~~

(Set out resolution here if a copy thereof is not annexed).

Name(s) of person(s) who signed *this/these resolution(s)/minute(s) was/were:
Lim Soo Kong

The designation of the person signing the resolution(s) in the abovenamed company is:
Chairman

Dated this 21st day of August 19 95

Signature: 
Name of *Director/Secretary: Lim Soo Kong

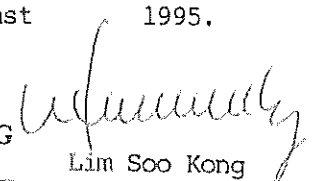
‡ Delete whichever references to sections are inapplicable.
* Delete where inapplicable.
† Where a copy of the resolution is annexed, the annexure is to be endorsed as follows: "This is the annexure marked "A" referred to in the notice of resolution signed by me on the day of 19"

<p>Lodged in the office of the Registrar of Companies and Businesses by</p> <p>Name:</p> <p>Address:</p> <p>A/c No: Tel No:</p> <p> Fax No:</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">For Official Use</p> <hr/> <p>Date of Registration:</p> <p>Receipt No:</p> <p>Checked By:</p>
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This is the annexure marked "A"
referred to in the notice of
resolution signed by me on the
21st day of August 1995.

CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD

MINUTES OF THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING
HELD AT #23-01 Cosan Building 10 Collyer Quay S'pore 0104
ON THE 21st DAY August 1995
AT 11.30 A.M./P.M.


Lim Soo Kong

PRESENT : AS PER THE ATTENDANCE LIST

1. CHAIRMAN

Mr Lim Soo Kong was appointed Chairman for the purpose of this Meeting only.

2. NOTICE

Notice of this Meeting dated 21st August 1995 was taken as read and the Chairman tabled Agreement of Members to Accept Short Notice of Meeting (the "Agreement") from all the members. IT WAS RESOLVED THAT short notice of this Meeting be agreed to and that the Agreement be received for posting into the Minute Book of the Company.

3. QUORUM

The Chairman noted that the number of Members present at the Meeting was sufficient to constitute a quorum.

4. SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

I. CONVERSION TO PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the Company be converted into a public limited company and that the Directors be authorised and directed to take all such steps as may be necessary or proper for effectuating such conversion.

II. CHANGE OF COMPANY'S NAME

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the name of the Company be changed from "CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD" to "CASA HOLDINGS LIMITED".

III. NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the regulations contained in the typewritten document marked "A" submitted to the Meeting and for the purposes of identification subscribed by the Chairman be approved and adopted as the new Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles of Association of the Company.

5. ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

I. ISSUE OF SHARES

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, Cap. 50 but subject otherwise to the provisions of that Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, the Directors be and are hereby authorised to issue such shares in the Company at any time to such persons and upon such terms and conditions and with such rights or restrictions as they may think fit and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting or the expiration of the period within which the next Annual General Meeting is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier.

II. SUBDIVISION OF SHARES

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the authorised share capital of S\$25,000,000 divided into 25,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$1.00 each in the capital of the Company, of which 4,500,000 ordinary shares will be issued and fully paid, be subdivided into 250,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$0.10 each, of which 45,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$0.10 will be issued and fully paid.

III. ISSUE OF NEW SHARES IN CONNECTION WITH LISTING

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the Directors be authorised and directed:-

- (1) to offer up to 45,000,000 new ordinary shares of S\$0.10 each to members of the public for subscription at such price and on such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit; and
- (2) pursuant to such offering to allot and issue such shares on such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit.

IV. LISTING

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the listing (the "Listing") and quotation of all the issued ordinary shares of the Company (including the 45,000,000 new shares to be allotted and issued pursuant to Ordinary Resolution 5(III) set out above) on the Official List of the Stock Exchange of Singapore be approved, AND THAT all actions taken or to be taken by the Directors to secure the same be approved, confirmed, ratified and authorised as the case may be.

V. FURTHER ISSUES OF NEW SHARES

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT subject to the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act (Cap. 50, Singapore Statutes 1994 Rev Ed) and upon the provisions of the new Articles of Association of the Company becoming effective, and the approval of the Stock Exchange of Singapore Limited to the Listing being granted, the Directors be authorised with effect from the date of Listing to allot and issue such further shares in the capital of the Company at any time and from time to time thereafter to such persons and on such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit Provided Always that the aggregate nominal amount of each such issue shall not exceed 10 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company immediately prior to the proposed issue.

VI. AUTHORITY TO COMPANY SECRETARY

IT WAS RESOLVED THAT the Secretary be and is hereby authorised and directed to lodge the relevant Forms with the Registrar of Companies in relation to any and all of the aforesaid and to update and/or amend the corporate records of the Company accordingly.

6. TERMINATION

There being no further business, the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

Confirmed as a Correct Record :-


CHAIRMAN

THE COMPANIES ACT
(CHAPTER 50)
The Companies Regulations 1987
‡Sections 17 (7), 26 (2), 30 (4), 31 (1) and (2),
33 (9), 34, 186 (1), 227B (1) and 290 (2)
Regulations 24 and 66

NOTICE OF RESOLUTION

FORM
11
Folio No

Name of Company: Casa Holdings (S) Pte Ltd

Company No: 199406212Z

The Registrar of Companies and Businesses,
Singapore

At a (general) meeting of the *members/~~creditors~~/~~directors~~ of the abovenamed company duly convened and held at 62 Joo Koon Circle, Singapore 2262 on 31 March 1995, the ~~special~~ ordinary ~~Director's~~ resolution set out ~~below~~ in the annexure marked with the letter "A" and signed by me for purposes of identification was *duly passed ~~by~~ ~~and~~ ~~is~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~annexure~~ ~~marked~~ ~~with~~ ~~the~~ ~~letter~~ ~~"A"~~


(Set out resolution here if a copy thereof is not annexed).

Please refer to Annexure marked "A"

Name(s) of person(s) who signed ~~this~~/these resolution(s)/minute(s) was/~~was~~ Lim Soo Kong

The designation of the person signing the resolution(s) in the abovenamed company is: Managing Director

Dated this 18 day of April 1995

Signature: 

Name of ~~Director~~/Secretary: Lim Chye Huat

‡ Delete whichever references to sections are inapplicable.
* Delete where inapplicable.
† Where a copy of the resolution is annexed, the annexure is to be endorsed as follows: "This is the annexure marked "A" referred to in the notice of resolution signed by me on the ... day of ... 19 ..."

<p>Lodged in the office of the Registrar of Companies and Businesses by BARBINDER & CO PTE</p> <p>Name: 9 Penang Road #13-21 Park Mall Address: Singapore 0923 A/c No: Tel No: 3362344 Fax No:</p>	<p>For Official Use</p> <hr/> <p>Date of Registration: Receipt No: Checked By:</p>
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FORM 11

Name of Company : Casa Holdings (S) Pte Ltd
Company No : 199406212Z


ORDINARY RESOLUTION

INCREASE IN AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL AND AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SHARES

It was RESOLVED:-

- a. THAT the authorised share capital of the Company be increased from S\$100,000 divided into 100,000 ordinary shares of S\$1.00 each to S\$25,000,000 divided into 25,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$1.00 each by the creation of an additional 24,900,000 ordinary shares of S\$1.00 each; and
- b. THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act and subject to the provisions of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, the Directors be and are hereby authorised to allot and issue shares in the Company to such persons on such terms and conditions and with such rights or restrictions as the Directors may think fit to impose and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.

This is the Annexure marked "A" referred to
in the notice of resolution signed by me on
the 18 day of April 1995.


Lim Chye Huat
Secretary

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES



MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

1. The name of the Company is CASA HOLDINGS (S) PTE LTD.
2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in the Republic of Singapore.
3. The objects of which the Company is established are:-
 - (a) To acquire and hold either in the name of the company or in that of any nominee shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company wherever incorporated or carrying on business and debentures, debenture stock, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioners, public body or authority, supreme, dependent, municipal, local or otherwise in any part of the world.
 - (b) To acquire any such shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, notes, obligations, or securities by original subscription, contract, tender, purchase, exchange, underwriting, participation in syndicates or otherwise, and whether or not fully paid up, and to subscribe for the same subject to such terms and conditions (if any) as may be thought fit, to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incident to the ownership of any such shares stock obligations or other securities including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing all such powers of veto or control as may be conferred by virtue of the holding by the company of some special proportion of the issued or nominal amount thereof and to provide managerial and other executive supervisory and consultant services for or in relation to any company in which the company is interested upon such terms as may be thought fit.
 - (c) To carry on the business of investment and for that purpose to acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise, lands and property of any tenure, or any interest in the same in Singapore or other parts of the world and to erect and construct houses, buildings or works of every description on any land of the company, or upon any other lands or property, and to pull down, rebuild, enlarge, alter and improve existing houses, buildings or works thereon, to convert and appropriate any such land into and for roads, streets, squares, gardens and pleasure grounds and other conveniences and to lease, let, mortgage or otherwise deal with and improve the lands, houses, buildings and other property of the company.
 - (d) To carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's properties or rights.
 - (e) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by or in which the Company is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, furnishing, fitting up and improving building, and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement, and by advancing money to and entering into contract and arrangements of all kinds with builders, tenants and others.

- (f) To purchase, establish and carry on business as general merchants, manufacturers, importers, exporters, commission agents, del credere agents, removers, packers, storers, storekeepers, factors and manufacturers of and dealers in foreign and local produce, manufactured goods, materials and general merchandise and to import, buy, prepare, manufacture, render marketable, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, charge, make advances on and otherwise deal in or turn to account, produce goods, materials and merchandise generally either in their prepared, manufactured or raw state and to undertake, carry on and execute all kinds of commercial trading and other manufacturing operations and all business whether wholesale or retail usually carried on by merchants.
- (g) To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter, improve, exchange, let out on hire, import, export and deal in all works, plant, machinery, tools, utensils, appliances, apparatus, products, materials, substances, articles and things capable of being used in any business which this company is competent to carry on or required by any customers of or persons having dealings with the company or commonly dealt in by persons engaged in any such business or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection therewith and to manufacture, experiment with, render marketable and deal in all products of residual and by-products incidental to or obtained in any of the businesses carried on by the company.
- (h) To purchase or otherwise acquire and hold and charter ships and vessels of all kinds.
- (i) To purchase take on lease or in exchange hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property licences rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.
- (j) To purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire and hold shares, stock, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company whether constituted or carrying on business in Singapore or elsewhere, and debentures, debenture stock, bonds obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign rulers, commissioners, public body or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise at home or abroad.
- (k) To apply for purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention or preparation which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property rights or information so acquired.
- (l) To erect, construct, lay down, enlarge, alter and maintain any roads, railways, tramways, sidings, bridges, reservoirs, ship building yards, shops, stores, factories, building works, plant and machinery necessary or convenient for the company's business, and to contribute to or subsidise the erection, construction and maintenance of any of the above.

- (m) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money for the purposes of or in connection with the company's business, and for the purposes of or in connection with the borrowing or raising of money by the company to become a member of any building society.
- (n) To mortgage and charge the undertaking of all or any of the real and personal property and assets, present or future, and all or any of the uncalled capital for the time being of the company, and to issue at par or at a premium or discount, and for such consideration and with and subject to such rights, powers, privileges and conditions as may be thought fit, debentures or debenture stock, either permanent or redeemable or repayable, and collaterally or further to secure any securities of the company by a trust deed or other assurance.
- (o) To issue debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities of all kinds, and to frame, constitute and secure the same, as may seem expedient, with full power to make the same transferable by delivery, or by instrument of transfer or otherwise, and either perpetual or terminable, and either redeemable or otherwise, and to charge or secure the same by trust, deed or otherwise, on the undertaking of the company, or upon any specific property and rights present and future, of the company (including, if thought fit, uncalled capital), or otherwise howsoever.
- (p) To guarantee the obligations and contracts of customers and others.
- (q) To make advances to customers and others with or without security, and upon such terms as the Company may approve.
- (r) To grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses to officers, ex-officers, employees or ex-employees of the company or its predecessors in business or the dependants or connections of such persons, to establish and maintain or concur in establishing and maintaining trusts, funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) with a view to provide pension or other benefits for any such persons as aforesaid, their dependants or connections, and to support or subscribe to any charitable funds or institutions, the support of which may, in the opinion of the directors, be calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company or its employees, and to institute and maintain any other establishment or profit-sharing scheme calculated to advance the interests of company or its officers or employees.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, discount and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments.
- (t) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required for the purposes of its business in or upon such investments or securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (u) To pay for any property or rights acquired by the company, either in cash or fully or partly paid-up shares, with or without preferred or deferred or special rights or restrictions in respect of dividend, repayment of capital, voting or otherwise, or by any securities which the company has power to issue, or partly in one mode and partly in another, and generally on such terms as the company may determine.

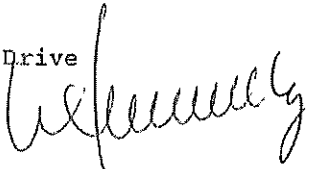

- (v) To accept payment for any property or rights sold or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the company, either in cash, by instalments or otherwise, or in fully or partly paid-up shares of any company or corporation, with or without deferred or preferred or special rights or restrictions in respect of dividend, repayment of capital, voting or otherwise, or in debentures or mortgage debentures or debenture stock, mortgages, or other securities of any company or corporation, or partly in one mode and partly in another, and generally on such terms as the company may determine, and to hold, dispose any shares, stock or securities so acquired.
- (w) To enter into any partnership or joint-purse arrangement or arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests or co-operation with any company, firm or person carrying on or proposing to carry on any business within the objects of this company, and to acquire and hold, sell or dispose of shares, stock or securities of any such company, and to guarantee the contracts or liabilities of, or the payment of the dividends, interests or capital of any shares, stock or securities of and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such company.
- (x) To make donations for patriotic or for charitable purposes.
- (y) To transact any lawful business in aid of the Republic of Singapore in the prosecution of any war in which the Republic of Singapore is engaged.
- (z) To establish or promote or concur in establishing or promoting any other company whose objects shall include the acquisition and taking over of all or any of the assets and liabilities of this company or the promotion of which shall be in any manner calculated to advance directly or indirectly the objects or interests of this company, and to acquire and hold or dispose of shares, stocks or securities of and guarantee the payment of the dividends, interest or capital of any shares, stock or securities issued by or any other obligations of any such company.
- (aa) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, liabilities and transactions of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorised to carry on.
- (bb) To sell, improve, manage, develop, turn to account, exchange, let on rent, royalty, share of profits or otherwise, grant licences, easements and other rights in or over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking and all or any of the property and assets for the time being of the company for such consideration as the company may think fit.
- (cc) To amalgamate with any other company whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid-up shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, with or without winding up, or by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid-up shares or otherwise) of all or a controlling interest in the shares or stock of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership, or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner.

- (dd) To distribute among the members in specie any property of the company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the company, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law.
- (ee) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, trustees, sub-contractors or otherwise.
- (ff) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them.

AND IT IS HEREBY declared that the word "company", save when used in reference to this company in this clause shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, whether domiciled in Singapore or elsewhere. None of the sub-clauses of this clause or the objects therein specified or the powers thereby conferred shall be deemed subsidiary or auxiliary merely to the objects mentioned in the first sub-clause of this clause, the intention being that the objects specified in each sub-clause of this clause shall, except where otherwise expressed in such clause, be independent main objects and shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or interference from the terms of any other sub-clause or the name of the company, but the company shall have full power to exercise all or any of the powers conferred by any part of this clause in any part of the world and notwithstanding that the business undertaking, property or act proposed to be transacted, acquired dealt with or performed does not fall within the objects of the first sub-clause of this clause.


- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The share capital of the company is S\$100,000.00 divided into 100,000 shares of S\$1.00 (one dollar) each. The shares in the original or any increased capital may be divided into several classes, and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividends, capital, voting or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are hereunto subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite to our respective names.

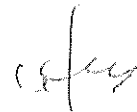
Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
<p>Name : Lim Soo Kong Address : 6E Marigold Drive Singapore 2057 Nationality : Singaporean NRIC No. : 1010234/J Occupation : Businessman</p>	<p> one One</p>
<p>Name : Ngo Wee Bin Address : 43 Wilkinson Road Singapore 1543 Nationality : Singaporean NRIC No. : 1138568/J Occupation : Businessman</p>	<p> one One</p>
<p>Total Number Of Shares Taken</p>	<p>Two</p>

Dated this 31 day of August 1994

Witness to the above signatures:

Sgd: 
.....
Kan Yut Keong
Certified Public Accountant
Coopers & Lybrand
9 Penang Road #12-00
Park Mall
Singapore 0923

"A"



Lim Soo Kong
Chairman

THE COMPANIES ACT, (CAP. 50)

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

CASA HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 21st day of August 1995.)

TABLE "A" EXCLUDED

1. The regulations in Table A in the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, Cap. 50 shall not apply to the Company, except so far as the same are repeated or contained in these Articles. Table "A" excluded.

INTERPRETATION

2(1). In these Articles, unless the subject or context otherwise requires, the words standing in the first column of the table next hereinafter contained shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively in the second column thereof:- Interpretation.

WORDS	MEANINGS
Act	The Companies Act, Cap. 50, or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
Articles	These articles of association as originally framed or as altered from time to time by Special Resolution.
Company	Casa Holdings Limited.
Cut-Off Time	Forty-eight hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting.
Directors	The directors for the time being of the Company.
Dividend	Includes bonus.
Exchange	The Stock Exchange of Singapore Limited and any other share, stock or securities exchange upon which the shares of the Company may be listed.
Office	The registered office for the time being of the Company.
Ordinary Resolution	A resolution passed by a simple majority of the Members present and voting.
Market Day	A day on which the Stock Exchange of Singapore Limited is open for trading in securities.

Member	A member of the Company.
Register	The Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 190 of the Act.
Seal	The common seal of the Company.
Secretary	Any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary of the Company and includes any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary temporarily.
Singapore Dollar(s)	The lawful currency of the Republic of Singapore.
Special Resolution	A resolution having the meaning assigned thereto by Section 184 of the Act.
Statutes	The Act and every other statute for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company.

2(2). The words "Depositor", "Depository", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings respectively as used in these Articles ascribed to them in the Act.

2(3). References in these Articles to "holders" of shares or any class of shares shall:-

- (a) exclude the Depository except where otherwise expressly provided for in these Articles or where the terms "registered holder" or "registered holders" are used in these Articles; and
- (b) where the subject and context so require, be deemed to include references to Depositors whose names are entered in the Depository Register in respect of such shares;

and the words "holding" and "held" shall be construed accordingly.

2(4). Writing shall include printing and lithography and any other mode or modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

2(5). Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural number, and vice versa.

2(6). Words importing the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender.

2(7). Words importing persons shall include corporations.

2(8). Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions used in the Act shall, except where inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.

COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS

3. Any branch or kind of business which the Company is either expressly or by implication authorised to undertake may be undertaken by the Directors at such time or times as they shall think fit, and further may be suffered by them to be in abeyance whether such branch or kind of business may have been actually commenced or not so long as the Directors may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business.

Directors may undertake any business.

4. The Office shall be at such place as the Directors shall from time to time decide.

Registered Office.

SHARES

5. Subject to the Statutes, no shares may be issued without the prior approval of the Company in General Meeting but subject thereto and to these Articles relating to new shares and to any special right attached to any share for the time being issued, the Directors may allot (with or without conferring any right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons on such terms and conditions (including such consideration) and at a premium or otherwise and at such time as the Directors determine Provided Always that:-

Shares under control of Company in General Meeting.

- (a) no Director shall participate in an issue of shares to employees of the Company unless the Company in General Meeting shall have approved the specific allotment to such Director and that Director holds office in the Company in an executive capacity;
- (b) no shares may be issued at a discount except in accordance with the Statutes; and
- (c) the rights attaching to shares of a class other than ordinary shares shall be expressed in the resolution creating the same.

6(1). The Company in General Meeting may by Ordinary Resolution authorise the Directors to exercise any power of the Company to issue shares, such authority being confined to a particular exercise of that power or generally. Any such authority may be unconditional or subject to conditions and shall continue in force until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting commencing next after the date on which the approval was given or the expiration of the period within which the next Annual General Meeting after that date is required by law to be held whichever is the earlier but may be previously revoked or varied by the Company in General Meeting Provided Always that no shares may be issued to transfer a controlling interest without prior approval of the Company in General Meeting.

Authority of Directors to issue shares.

6(2). Subject to the terms and conditions of any application for shares, the Directors shall allot shares applied for within ten Market Days of the closing date (or such other period as may be approved by the Exchange) of any such application. The Directors may, at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register as the holder thereof or before such share is entered against the name of a Depositor in the Depository Register, as the case may be, recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of such share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit.

7. Any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, qualified, deferred or other special rights, privileges and conditions or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine, and subject to the Statutes, the Company may issue preference shares which are or, at the option of the Company, are liable to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue thereof may by Ordinary Resolution determine Provided Always that the total nominal value of issued preference shares shall not at any time exceed the total nominal value of the issued ordinary shares for the time being.

Company may issue shares with preferred, qualified, deferred and other special rights.

8. In the event of the Company at any time issuing preference capital it shall at the same time indicate whether it reserves the right to issue further preference capital ranking equally with or in priority to the preference capital then already issued. Issue of further preference shares.
9. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all or any of the special rights or privileges for the time being attached to any preference share for the time being issued may from time to time (whether or not the Company is being wound up) be modified, affected, altered or abrogated and preference capital other than redeemable preference shares may be repaid if authorised by a Special Resolution passed by holders of such preference shares at a special meeting called for the purpose. To any such special meeting, all provisions of these Articles as to General Meetings of the Company shall mutatis mutandis apply but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy not less than one third of the issued preference shares concerned and that every holder of the preference shares concerned shall be entitled on a poll to one vote for every such share held by him and that any holder of the preference shares concerned present either in person or by proxy may demand a poll Provided Always that where the necessary majority for such a Special Resolution is not obtained at the meeting, consent in writing if obtained from holders of three-fourths of the preference shares concerned within two months of the meeting shall be as valid and effectual as a Special Resolution carried at the meeting. Alteration of rights of preference shareholders.
10. Preference shareholders shall have the same rights as ordinary Members as regards the receiving of notices, reports and balance sheets and the attending of General Meetings of the Company. Preference shareholders shall also have the right to vote at any meeting convened for the purpose of reducing the capital of the Company or winding up or sanctioning the sale of the undertaking of the Company or where the proposal to be submitted to the meeting directly affects their rights and privileges or when the dividend on the preference shares is more than six months in arrears. Rights of preference shareholders.
11. If by the conditions of allotment of any share, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder for the time being of the share or his legal personal representative. Instalments of shares.
12. The Company may pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing, or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any share in the capital of the Company but such commission shall not exceed ten per cent of the price at which the shares are issued or an amount equivalent thereof. Any such commission may be paid in whole or in part in cash or fully or partly paid shares of the Company at par as may be arranged, and the Company may, in addition to, or in lieu of, such commission, in consideration of any person so subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, or of his procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional, for any share in the Company, confer on any such person an option call within a specified time for a specified number or amount of shares in the Company at a specified price not being less than par. The payment or agreement to pay a commission or the conferring of an option shall be in the discretion of the Directors on behalf of the Company. The requirements of the Statutes shall be observed, so far as applicable. Commission for subscribing.
- 13(1). The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the joint holders of any share except in the case Joint holders.

of executors, administrators or trustees of the estate of a deceased Member.

13(2). Subject to Article 13(1), any two or more persons may be registered as joint holders of any share and the joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls and interest (if any) due in respect of such share.

13(3). The joint holder first named in the Register or the Depository Register, as the case may be, shall as regards voting, proxy, service of notices and delivery of certificates and dividend warrants, be deemed to be the sole owner of such share.

14. No person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be required in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any other rights in respect of any share other than an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the person (other than the Depository) entered in the Register of Members as the registered holder thereof or person whose name is entered in the Depository Register in respect of that share, as the case may be, except only where these Articles otherwise provide or as required by the Statutes or pursuant to any order of Court.

No trusts recognised.

15. No person shall exercise any rights of a Member in respect of a share until his name shall have been entered in the Register as the registered holder thereof or in the Depository Register in respect of such share, as the case may be, and, unless the Directors otherwise determine, such person shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being due and payable on any share held by him.

Exercise of rights of Members.

16. No part of the funds of the Company shall be employed by the Directors or the Company in the acquisition of shares in the Company or in lending on the security of shares in the Company unless permitted by the Statutes.

Company not to deal with its own shares.

SHARE CERTIFICATE

17. Every certificate for shares shall be under the Seal.

Authentication of certificates.

18. Every certificate of shares shall specify the distinctive numbers of the shares in respect of which it is issued, and the amount paid up thereon. No share certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.

Certificates shall specify number of shares.

19. Every person whose name is entered as a registered holder in the Register shall be entitled without payment to receive within ten Market Days (or such other period as may be approved by the Exchange) after the closing date for applications to subscribe for a new issue of shares and within fifteen Market Days (or such other period as may be approved by the Exchange) after lodgement of a registrable transfer one certificate under the Seal in respect of each class of shares held by him for all his shares in that class or several certificates in reasonable denominations each for one or more of his shares in any one class subject to such person's prior payment of two Singapore Dollars (or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as the Exchange may prescribe) for every certificate after the first and such stamp duty as is payable on such certificate unless otherwise directed by the Directors Provided Always that in the case of joint registered holders, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of such certificate to any one of them shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

Member's right to certificate & cancellation of certificates.

20(1). Where only some of the shares comprised in any share certificate are transferred, the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares shall be issued in lieu thereof without charge.

Issue of replacement certificates.

20(2). Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any person whose name is entered in the Register may be cancelled at his request and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu thereof without charge.

20(3). Any share certificate representing shares of any class held by any person whose name is entered in the Register may be surrendered by such person for cancellation and at his request the Company may issue in lieu thereof two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as such person may specify, and the Directors may comply with such request if they think fit. Such person shall pay a maximum of two Singapore Dollars for each share certificate issued in lieu of a share certificate surrendered for cancellation or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine, taking into consideration any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Exchange.

20(4). Subject to the Statutes, if any share certificate shall be defaced, worn out, destroyed, stolen or lost, it may be renewed on such evidence being produced and a letter of indemnity or undertaking (if required) being given by the purchaser, registered holder, transferee, person entitled, member firm or member company of the Exchange or on behalf of its clients or their client or clients as the Directors shall require and in the case of defacement or wearing out on delivery up of the old certificate and in any case on payment of such sum not exceeding one Singapore Dollar (or such other amount as may be permitted under the Statutes) together with the amount of the proper stamp duty with which such share certificate is chargeable under any law for the time being in force in relation thereto. In the case of theft, destruction or loss the registered holder or the person entitled to whom such renewed certificate is given shall also bear the loss and pay to the Company all expenses incidental to the investigations by the Company of the evidence of such theft, destruction or loss.

20(5). Where shares are registered jointly in the names of several persons, any such request may be made by any one of the registered joint holders.

21. The certificates of shares registered in the names of two or more persons may be delivered to the joint holder first named in the Register.

Delivery of share certificates.

LIEN ON SHARES

22. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully-paid share) and all dividends or interests from time to time declared in respect thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share and for all moneys which the Company may be called upon by law to pay in respect of the shares of the Member or the deceased Member. The Directors may however waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for any limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article 22.

Company's lien on shares.

23. For the purpose of enforcing such lien the Directors may sell all or any of the shares subject thereto in such manner as they

Right to enforce lien by sale.

think fit, and no sale shall be made until such time as the moneys are presently payable, and until a notice in writing stating the amount due and demanding payment, and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been served in such a manner as the Directors shall think fit on the holder for the time being of the share or the person (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares, and default in payment shall have been made by him or them for seven days after such notice.

24. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of the amount due, and the residue (if any) shall be paid to the person whose share has been sold, his executors, administrators, trustees or assignees or as he shall direct.

Application of proceeds of sale.

25. To give effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer or to effect the transfer, as the case may be of the shares sold to the purchaser.

How sale to be effected.

CALLS ON SHARES

26. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the Members in respect of any money unpaid on their shares or on any class of shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each Member shall (subject to his having been given at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. A call may be made payable by instalments. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed.

Powers of Directors to make calls.

27. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls and interest (if any) in respect thereof.

Joint and several liability.

28. If before or on the day appointed for payment thereof a call payable in respect of a share is not paid, the person from whom the amount of the call is due shall pay interest on such amount at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment, but the Directors shall have power to waive payment of such interest or any part thereof.

Interest on unpaid calls.

29. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon issue or at any fixed date whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium and any instalment of a call shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment the provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, and all the other relevant provisions of these Articles or the Statutes shall apply as if such sum were a call duly made and notified as hereby provided.

Sums payable under terms of allotment to be deemed calls.

30. The Directors may from time to time make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and in the time of payment of such calls.

Difference in calls between various holders.

31. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any share held by him, and upon all or any part of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for

Payment of call in advance.

the advance, become payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct) eight per cent per annum as may be agreed upon between the Directors and the Member paying the sum in advance. Capital paid on shares in advance of calls shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

32. If any Member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or instalment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any interest thereon, the Directors may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment or interest remains unpaid serve a notice on such Member requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest (including interest upon interest) and expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment. Notice to be given of intended forfeiture.
33. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) and a place on and at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment or interest is payable shall be liable to be forfeited. Form of notice.
34. If the requirements of any notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given, may at any time thereafter, before payment of all such calls or instalments, interests and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder. If notice not complied with shares may be forfeited.
35. Any share so forfeited or surrendered shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and the Directors may sell, re-allot, or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as they think fit. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed. Sale etc of surrendered shares.
36. The Directors may at any time before any share so forfeited or surrendered shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture or surrender thereof upon such conditions as they think fit. Power to annul forfeiture.
37. For the purpose of giving effect to any sale of forfeited or surrendered shares, the Directors may authorise some person to transfer or to effect the transfer of, as the case may be, the shares sold to the purchaser. Transfer of forfeited or surrendered shares
38. Any Member whose shares shall have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a Member in respect of the forfeited or surrendered shares but shall, notwithstanding such forfeiture or surrender, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of forfeiture or surrender, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture or surrender until payment, at the rate of eight per cent per annum and the Directors may enforce the payment of such moneys or any part thereof if they think fit, but shall not be under any obligation so to do. Any residue after the satisfaction of the unpaid calls, accrued interest and expenses shall be paid to the person whose Liability on forfeited share.

shares have been forfeited or surrendered, his executors, administrators, trustees or assignees or as he shall direct.

39(1). A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary, and that a share has been duly forfeited, surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt by the Company of the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together with the share certificate, where the same be required, delivered to a purchaser or (where the purchaser is a Depositor) to the Depository or the allottee thereof, as the case may be, shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share.

Declaration by Director or Secretary conclusive of fact of forfeiture.

39(2). (a) In the event of such sale, re-allotment or disposal, where the person (the "Relevant Person") to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of is not a Depositor, the share shall be registered in the Register in the name of the Relevant Person and, where the Relevant Person is a Depositor, the Company shall procure that his name be entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share so sold, re-allotted or disposed of.

(b) The Relevant Person shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

40. Save as provided by these Articles, there shall be no restriction on the transfer of fully paid shares (except where required by law or by the rules, bye-laws or listing rules of the Exchange). All transfers of shares may be effected by way of book-entry in the Depository Register Provided Always that the legal title in the shares may be transferred by the registered holders thereof by an instrument of transfer in the form approved by the Directors and the Exchange. The instrument of transfer shall be left at the Office accompanied by the certificate of the shares to be transferred and such other evidence (if any) as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the registered holder of the shares until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.

Shares to be transferable.

41. The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee, and it shall be witnessed Provided Always that an instrument of transfer in respect of which the transferee is the Depository shall be effective although not signed or witnessed by or on behalf of the Depository.

Instrument of transfer.

42. Shares of different classes shall not be comprised in the same instrument of transfer.

Only shares of same class to be in same instrument.

43. No share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any infant, bankrupt or person of unsound mind.

Restriction on transfer.

44(1). All instruments of transfer which are registered shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the

Retention of Instrument

Directors may refuse to register shall (except in any case of fraud) be returned to the party presenting the same.

of transfer and disposal of documents.

44(2). The Company shall be entitled to destroy:-

- (a) all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof;
- (b) all dividend mandates and notifications of change of address at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of recording thereof; and
- (c) all share certificates which have been cancelled at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of the cancellation thereof.

44(3). It shall be conclusively presumed in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and that:

- (a) every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered;
- (b) every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled; and
- (c) every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document;

in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company.

44(4). Articles 44(2) and 44(3) shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant.

44(5). Nothing contained in this Article 44 shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstance which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article 44, and references in this Article 44 to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

45. The Directors may decline to accept any instrument of transfer unless:-

Fees relating to transfers.

- (a) all or any part of the stamp duty (if any) payable on each share transfer and such fee not exceeding two Singapore Dollars for each transfer or such other sum as may from time to time be prescribed by the Exchange is paid to the Company; and
- (b) such fee not exceeding two Singapore Dollars as the Directors may from time to time determine is paid to the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer, probate, letters of administration, certificate of marriage or death, power of attorney or any document relating to or affecting the title to the shares.

46. The Directors may refuse to register the transfer of shares or allow the entry of or against a person's name in the Depository Register in respect of shares transferred or to be transferred to such person:-

Power of Directors to refuse to register.

- (a) which are not fully paid up; or
- (b) on which the Company has a lien; or
- (c) where the registration of the transfer would result in a contravention of or failure to observe the provisions of a law in Singapore or the rules and requirements of the Exchange.

47. If the Directors refuse to register any transfer of any share they shall, where required by the Statutes, serve on the transferor and transferee, within 10 Market Days after the day on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, a notice in writing informing each of them of such refusal and of the facts which are considered to justify the refusal.

Notice of refusal to be sent by Company.

48. The Register may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine Provided Always that the Register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year Provided Always that the Company shall give prior notice of such closure as may be required to the Exchange stating the period and purpose or purposes for which such closure is to be made.

Closure of the Register.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

49(1). In the case of the death of a Member the survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representative of the deceased who was a sole or only surviving holder, or where such legal representative is entered in the Depository Register in respect of the shares of the deceased Member who was a Depositor, shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to his shares.

Transmission of registered shares.

49(2). Nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased Member from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.

50. Any person becoming entitled to the legal title in a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a person whose name is entered in the Register may upon producing such evidence of his title as the Directors may require, have the right either to be registered himself as the holder of the share, upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such intent, or to make such transfer thereof as such deceased or bankrupt person could have made, but the Directors shall in either case have the same right to refuse or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of such transfer by such deceased or bankrupt person before the death or bankruptcy, as the case may be.

Rights of registration and transfer upon demise or bankruptcy of Member.

51. Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, a person becoming entitled to a share pursuant to Articles 49(1) and 50, shall have the right to receive and give a discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share, but he shall have no right to receive notice or to attend or vote at meetings of the Company, or (save as aforesaid) to any of the rights or privileges of a Member until he shall have been registered as a

Person registered under transmission clause entitled to dividends.

Member in the Register or his name shall have been entered in the Depository Register, as the case may be Provided Always that the Directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days of the date of such notice, the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

STOCK

52. The Company in General Meeting may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock and may from time to time reconvert such stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.

Conversion of shares to stock.

53. When any shares have been converted into stock the several holders of such stock may transfer their respective interests therein or any part of such interests in such manner as the Company in General Meeting shall direct, but in default of any direction then in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. But the Directors may if they think fit from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable Provided Always that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

Stockholders entitled to transfer interest.

54. The several holders of stock shall be entitled to participate in the dividends and profits of the Company according to the amount of their respective interests in such stock and such interests shall, in proportion to the amount thereof, confer on the holders thereof respectively the same rights, privileges and advantages for the purposes of voting at meetings of the Company and for other purposes as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but so that none of such rights, privileges or advantages, except the participation in the dividends, profits and assets of the Company, shall be conferred by any such aliquot part of consolidated stock as would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such rights, privileges or advantages.

Stockholders entitled to profits.

55. All such provisions of these Articles as are applicable to paid up shares shall apply to stock and in all such provisions the words "shares" shall include "stock", and "Depositor", "Member" and "shareholder" shall include "stockholder".

Definitions.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL

56. The Company in General Meeting may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution, whether all the shares for the time being authorised shall have been issued or all the shares for the time being issued have been fully paid up or not, increase its capital by the creation and issue of new shares, such aggregate increase to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the Company by the resolution authorising such increase shall direct.

Power to increase capital.

57(1). Unless otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, all new shares shall, before issue, be offered to such persons as at the date of the offer are entitled to receive notices from the Company of General Meetings, in proportion, as nearly as the circumstances admit, to the amount of the existing shares to which they are entitled.

Issue of new shares to Members.

57(2). The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and, after the

Notice of issue.

expiration of that time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors may likewise so dispose of any new shares which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares bear to shares held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares) cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered in the manner hereinbefore provided.

58(1). Notwithstanding Articles 57(1) and (2) above, the Company may apply to the Stock Exchange of Singapore Limited to waive the convening of an Extraordinary General Meeting to obtain Members' approval for further issues of shares (other than for bonus or rights issues) where the aggregate issues of shares in any financial year do not exceed ten per cent of the issued share capital of the Company.

Waiver of
Members'
approval

58(2). Where such waiver of compliance with the requirements of Article 57(1) is obtained from the Stock Exchange of Singapore Limited pursuant to Article 58(1) above then such shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons and on such terms as they may think proper.

59. Subject to any directions that may be given in accordance with the powers contained in the Memorandum of Association or these Articles, any capital raised by creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original capital and all new shares shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien and otherwise as if it had been part of the original capital.

New capital
considered part
of original
capital.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

60(1). The Company may by Ordinary Resolution:-

- (a) consolidate and divide its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares; or
- (b) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled; or
- (c) by subdivision of its existing shares or any of them divide its capital or any part thereof into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association. The resolution by which the subdivision is effected may determine that, as between the holders of the resulting shares, one or more of such shares may have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights or be subject to any restriction as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares; or
- (d) subject to the Statutes, convert any class of shares into any other class of shares.

Alteration
of capital.

60(2). The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any manner and with and subject to any requirement authorised and consent required by law.

MODIFICATION OF CLASS RIGHTS

61. Subject to the Statutes and save as provided by these Articles, all or any of the special rights or privileges attached to any class of shares in the capital of the Company for the time being issued may, at any time, as well before as during liquidation, be modified, affected, altered or abrogated, either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting, but so that the quorum thereof shall be not less than two persons personally present and holding or representing by proxy one-third of issued shares of the class, and that any holder of shares of the class, present in person or by proxy, shall on a poll be entitled to one vote for each share of the class held or represented by him, and if at any adjourned meeting of such holders such quorum as aforesaid is not present, any two holders of shares of the class who are personally present shall be a quorum. The Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act as to forwarding a copy of any such consent or Resolution to the Registrar of Companies.

Modification of class rights.

BORROWING POWERS

62. The Directors may, from time to time, exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow or secure the payment of any sum or sums of moneys for the purposes of the Company.

Powers to borrow.

63. The Directors may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit, and, in particular, by the issue of debentures or debenture stock of the Company, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon or by mortgage, charge or lien of and on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being, or by making, accepting, endorsing or executing any cheque, promissory note or bill of exchange.

Conditions of borrowing.

64. Every debenture or other instrument for securing the payment of money may be made assignable and free from any equity between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Any debenture or debenture-stock, bond or other instrument may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privilege as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending and voting at General Meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.

Securities assignable and free from equities.

65. The Directors shall cause a proper register to be kept, in accordance with Section 138 of the Act, of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall comply with the provisions of Section 131 of the Act.

Register of mortgages.

GENERAL MEETINGS

66. In addition to any other meetings, a General Meeting shall be held once at least in every calendar year, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors, but so that no more than fifteen months shall be allowed to elapse between any two such General Meetings.

General Meetings.

67. The abovementioned General Meetings shall be called Annual General Meetings. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

Annual General Meetings.

68. The First Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time within a period of not more than eighteen months

First Annual General Meeting.

from the date of incorporation of the Company and at such time and place as the Directors may determine.

69. The Directors may call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company whenever they think fit in accordance with the Statutes.

Directors may call Extraordinary General Meetings.

70. The Directors shall, on the requisition of the holders of not less than one-tenth of the issued capital of the Company upon which all calls or other sums then due have been paid, forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and in the case of such requisition the following provisions shall have effect:-

Extraordinary General Meetings called on requisition of shareholders.

- (a) The requisition must state the objects of the meeting and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Office, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- (b) If the Directors of the Company do not proceed to cause a meeting to be held within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition being so deposited, the requisitionists or any of them representing more than one-half of the voting rights of all of them may themselves convene the meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after three months from the date of the deposit.
- (c) In the case of a meeting at which a resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution the Directors shall be deemed not to have duly convened the meeting if they do not give such notice as is required by the Statutes.
- (d) Any meeting convened under this Article by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be convened by Directors.

71. Subject to the Statutes relating to the convening of meetings to pass Special Resolutions and agreements for shorter notice, at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying the place, day and hour of the meeting, and in case of special business, a notice setting out the general nature of such special business, accompanied by a statement regarding the effect of any proposed resolution in respect of such special business, shall be given to all Members other than such as are not entitled under these Articles to receive such notices from the Company, and the Exchange. Every such notice shall be published in at least one English Language daily newspaper circulating in Singapore at least fourteen clear days before the meeting. Whenever any meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven days' notice of the place and hour of such adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner. Provided Always that when a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

Notice of meeting.

72. Any Member entitled to be present and vote at a meeting or his proxy may submit any resolution to any General Meeting, provided that at least for the prescribed time before the day appointed for the meeting he shall have served upon the Company a notice in writing by him containing the proposed resolution, and

Members may submit resolution to meeting on giving notice to

stating his intention to submit the same. The prescribed time abovementioned shall be such that, between the date that the notice is served and the day appointed for the meeting, there shall be not less than three nor more than fourteen intervening days.

Company.

73. Upon receipt of any such notice as in the last preceding Article mentioned, the Secretary shall include in the notice of the meeting in any case where the notice of intention is received before the notice of the meeting is issued, and shall in any other case issue as quickly as possible to the Members notice that such resolution will be proposed.

Secretary to give notice to Members.

74. The accidental omission to give any notice to or non-receipt of any notice by any Member shall not invalidate the meeting or any resolution passed or proceedings at any such meeting.

Accidental omission to give notice.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

75. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting and also all business that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting with the exception of the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets and reports (if any) of the Directors and Auditors, the fixing of the remuneration of Directors, the election of Directors in the place of those retiring, the declaration of dividends and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors.

Special business.

76. Save as is herein otherwise provided, two Members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum for a General Meeting and no business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless the quorum is present at the commencement of the business. A corporation being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if represented in accordance with the provisions of Article 91.

Quorum.

77. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place. At the adjourned meeting, any two or more Members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.

If quorum not present.

78. The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting, but if there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, or shall be unwilling to act as Chairman, the Members present shall choose some Director or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, one of themselves to be Chairman of the meeting.

Chairman.

79. The Chairman may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Adjournment.

80. At every General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands by the Members present in person and entitled to vote, unless before or upon the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll be demanded by:-

How matters are to be decided.

- (a) the Chairman of the meeting; or
- (b) not less than two Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or

- (c) a Member or Members present in person or by proxy, holding or representing, as the case may be:-
- (i) not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all Members entitled to vote at the meeting; or
 - (ii) shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

81(1). If a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the results of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

Chairman's direction as to poll.

81(2). No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting or on a question of adjournment. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the Chairman of the meeting directs.

82. Unless a poll be so demanded, a declaration by the Chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or has been carried by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority shall be conclusive, and an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Company shall be conclusive evidence thereof, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

Declaration of Chairman conclusive.

83(1). No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which the vote objected to is or may be given, tendered or cast, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Objection to admissibility.

83(2). If any votes shall be counted which ought not to have been counted, or might have been rejected, the error shall not vitiate the result of the voting unless it be pointed out at the same meeting, or at any adjournment thereof, and unless in the opinion of the Chairman at the meeting or at any adjournment thereof as the case may be, it shall be of sufficient importance to vitiate the result of the voting.

84. In case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, as the case may be, shall have a second or casting vote.

In the event of equality of votes.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

85(1). Subject to and without prejudice to any special privileges or restriction as to voting for the time being attached to any special class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company:-

Voting rights.

- (a) every Member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote on a show of hands, the Chairman to decide which proxy shall be entitled

to vote where a Member is represented by two proxies; and

- (b) every Member who is present in person or by proxy, in case of a poll, shall have one vote for every share which he holds or represents and upon which all calls or other sums due thereon to the Company have been paid.

85(2). For the purpose of determining the number of votes which a Member, being a Depositor, or his proxy may cast at any General Meeting upon a poll being called, the number of shares held or represented shall, in relation to the shares of that Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at the Cut-Off Time as certified by the Depository to the Company.

86. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register or the Depository Register, as the case may be.

Right of joint holders.

87. Unless the Directors otherwise determine, no person other than a Member who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him and payable to the Company in respect of his shares, shall be entitled to be present or to vote on any question either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting.

Members only entitled to vote upon full payment.

88. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll by the committee, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of committee or curator bonis appointed by that Court, and any such committee, curator bonis, or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

Votes of Members of unsound mind.

89. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

Vote personally or by proxy.

90(1). A proxy need not be a Member.

Proxies.

90(2). A Member shall not be entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend and vote at the same General Meeting Provided Always that where the Member is a Depositor, the Company shall be entitled and bound:-

- (a) to reject any instrument of proxy lodged if the Depositor is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at the Cut-Off Time as certified by the Depository to the Company;
- (b) to accept as the maximum number of votes which in aggregate the proxy or proxies appointed by the Depositor is or are able to cast on a poll a number which is the number of shares entered against the name of that Depositor in the Depository Register as at the Cut-Off Time as certified by the Depository to the Company, whether that number be greater or smaller than the number specified in any instrument of proxy executed by or on behalf of that Depositor; and

- (c) in determining rights to vote and other matters in respect of a completed instrument of proxy submitted to it, to have regard to the instructions (if any) given by and the notes (if any) set out in the instrument of proxy.

90(3). In any case where a form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy. If no proportion is specified, the Company shall be entitled to treat the first named proxy as representing the entire number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and any second named proxy as an alternate to the first named or at the Company's option to treat the instrument of proxy as invalid.

91. Any corporation which is a Member may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise any person to act as its representative at any meetings of the Company or any class of Members of the Company, and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as if he had been an individual shareholder.

Corporation may appoint representative.

92. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual or common form (including the form approved from time to time by the Depository) or in any other form which the Directors may approve and:-

Execution of instrument of proxy on behalf of appointor.

- (1) in the case of an individual shall be signed by the appointor or his attorney;
- (2) in the case of a corporation shall be either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.

93. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or the power of attorney or other authority, if any, or a duly certified copy thereof shall (failing previous registration with the Company) if required by law, be duly stamped and be deposited at the Office, not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Lodgement of instrument appointing proxy.

94. The signature on an instrument of proxy need not be witnessed.

No witness needed for instrument of proxy.

95. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or revocation of the proxy or transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given Provided Always that no notice in writing of the death or revocation or transfer shall have been received at the Office one hour at least before the time fixed for holding the meeting.

When vote by proxy valid though authority revoked.

96. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and to speak at the meeting.

Instrument deemed to confer authority.

97. Where the capital of the Company consists of shares of different monetary denominations, voting rights shall be prescribed in such manner that a unit of capital in each class, when reduced to a common denominator, shall carry the same voting power when such right is exercisable.

Voting in respect of shares of different monetary denominations.

DIRECTORS

98. Until otherwise determined by a Special Resolution at a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than two or more than eight. All the Directors of the Company shall be natural persons. Number of Directors.
99. The first Directors of the Company were Messrs Lim Soo Kong and Ngo Wee Bin. First Directors.
100. A Director shall not be required to hold any share in the Company. No share qualification.
- 101(1). Any Director may at any time and from time to time appoint any other person approved by a majority of the Directors for the time being to be his alternate. An alternate Director shall be entitled (subject to his giving to the Company an address within the Republic of Singapore at which notices may be served on him) to receive notice of meetings of the Directors and to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not present, and generally at such meeting to exercise all the powers, rights, duties and authorities of the Director appointing him. Every person acting as an alternate Director shall be an officer of the Company and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him. All the appointments and removals of alternate Directors made by any Director pursuant to this Article, shall be in writing under the hand of the Director making the same and shall be sent to or left at the Office. A Director may not act as an alternate for another Director. A person may not act as an alternate Director for more than one Director of the Company. Alternate Director.
- 101(2). An alternate Director may be removed by his appointor and (subject to the approval of the Directors) may appoint another in his place. An alternate Director may be removed from office by a resolution of the Directors, but he shall be entitled to vote on such resolution and he shall, ipso facto, cease to be an alternate Director if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director. The appointment of an alternate Director shall also determine on the happening of any event which, if he were a Director, would cause him to vacate such office.
- 101(3). An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts, arrangements or transactions to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration in respect of his appointment as alternate Director except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor in which event any fee paid by the Company to an alternate Director shall be deducted from the fees of the Director appointing the alternate.
- 102(1). The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of fees for their services as Directors in each year such sum as shall from time to time, subject to Section 169 of the Act, be determined by the Company by resolution passed at a General Meeting, the notice of which shall specify the proposals concerning the same. Such remuneration shall be divided amongst the Directors as they shall determine or failing agreement equally. Remuneration.
- 102(2). The fees payable to the Directors shall not be increased except pursuant to a resolution passed at a General Meeting, where notice of the proposed increase has been given in the notice convening the Meeting.

102(3). The remuneration of a non-executive Director shall be by a fixed sum and not by a commission on or percentage of profits or turnover. The remuneration of an executive Director may not include a commission on or a percentage of turnover.

102(4). The provisions of this Article are without prejudice to the power of the Directors to appoint any of their number to be employee or agent of the Company at such remuneration and upon such terms as they think fit without the approval of the Members in General Meeting provided that such remuneration may include a commission on or percentage of profits but not a commission on or percentage of turnover.

102(5). The Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director for the time being holding any executive office and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme of fund to pay premiums.

103. If any Director, being willing and having been called upon to do so, shall hold an executive office in the Company, shall render or perform extra or special services of any kind, including services on any committee established by the Directors, or shall travel or reside abroad for any business or purposes of the Company, he shall be entitled to receive such sum as the Directors may think fit for expenses, and also such remuneration as the Directors may think fit, either as a fixed sum or as provided in Article 102(3) (but not by way of commission on or percentage of turnover) and such remuneration may, as the Directors shall determine, be either in addition to or in substitution for any other remuneration he may be entitled to receive, and the same shall be charged as part of the ordinary working expenses of the Company.

Directors to be reimbursed and remunerated for special services rendered.

104(1). The office of a Director shall be vacant if the Director:-

When office of Director to be vacated.

- (a) ceases to be a Director by virtue of the Statutes; or
- (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
- (c) is or becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under the Statutes; or
- (d) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under any law relating to mental disorder; or
- (e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
- (f) for more than six months is absent without permission of the Directors from meetings of the Directors held during that period and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead; or
- (g) is directly or indirectly interested in any contract or proposed contract with the Company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in the manner required by the Statutes; or
- (h) is removed from office pursuant to the Statutes.

104(2). The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Director shall automatically terminate if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for any damage or breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

- 104(3). The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall automatically terminate if he ceases from any cause to be a Director only if the contract or resolution under which he holds office expressly so provides, in which case such termination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages or breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 105(1). A Director who is in any way whether directly or indirectly interested in a contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the Directors in accordance with Section 156 of the Act. Director to declare interest if any.
- 105(2). A Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company in which he has directly or indirectly a personal material interest and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted nor save as provided by Article 106(2) shall he be counted in the quorum present at the meeting.
- 106(1). A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine. No Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either with regard to his tenure of any such other office or place of profit or as a vendor, purchaser or otherwise. No such contract and no contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director is in any way interested shall be liable to be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established. Director may hold other office.
- 106(2). Subject to Article 105(2) above, a Director notwithstanding his interest may be counted in the quorum present at any meeting whereat he or any other Director is appointed to hold any such office or place of profit under the Company or whereat the terms of any such appointment are arranged.
107. At the Annual General Meeting in every year at least one-third of the Directors for the time being (other than the Managing Director), or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office Provided Always that all Directors (except the Managing Director) shall retire from office at least once every three years. Retirement.
108. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. Determination of Directors to retire.
109. Subject to the Statutes, a retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election at the meeting at which he retires. Re-election.
110. No person not being a retiring Director shall be eligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting unless some Member intending to propose him has, at least eleven clear days before the meeting, left at the Office a notice in writing duly signed by the nominee, giving his consent to the nomination and signifying his candidature for the office, or the intention of such Member to propose him Provided Always that in the case of a person recommended by the Directors for election, nine clear days' notice only shall be necessary, and notice of each and every candidate for election to the board of Directors shall be served on the Members at least seven days prior to the meeting at which the election is to take place. Nomination of Directors.
111. The Company by Special Resolution in General Meeting may, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may alter their qualification, if any. Increasing or reducing number.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

112. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director for such period (not exceeding five years) and on such terms as they think fit, and subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke such appointment. A Managing Director shall be subject to the control of the Directors. A Director so appointed shall not, while holding that office be subject to retirement but his appointment shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.

Appointment of Managing Director.

113. The Directors may vest in such Managing Director such of the powers exercisable under these Articles by them as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think expedient and they may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

Powers of Managing Director.

114. The Directors shall (subject to the provisions of any contract between the Managing Director and the Company) from time to time fix the remuneration of the Managing Director which may be by way of fixed salary, commission or participation in profits (but not turnover) of the Company or by any or all of these modes.

Remuneration of Managing Director.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

115. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in setting up and registering the Company and may exercise all such powers of the Company, as are not by the Statutes or by these Articles, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to any regulations of these Articles or to such Statutes, and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made. A Director who is not a member of the Company may nonetheless be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings.

Powers of Directors.

116. The Directors shall not carry into effect any proposals for disposing of the whole or substantially the whole of the Company's undertaking or property unless those proposals have been approved or ratified by the Company in General Meeting.

Disposal of undertaking or property.

117. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the board of Directors but any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, and shall be eligible for re-election.

Directors may appoint qualified person to fill vacancy.

118. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall continue to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting.

Removal of Directors.

119. The Directors may from time to time, by power of attorney under the Seal appoint any person, company, firm or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes, and with such powers, authorities and

Directors may appoint attorney.

discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles), and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorneys as the Directors may think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

120(1). The Directors may meet together at any place for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.

Meeting of Directors and how questions decided.

120(2). The contemporaneous linking together by telephone of a number of the Directors not less than the quorum and the Secretary, wherever in the world they are, shall be deemed to constitute a meeting of the Directors so long as the following conditions are met:

Meeting of Directors by telephone conference.

- (a) the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of any meeting of the Directors (including any alternate for any Director) shall be entitled to notice of any meeting by telephone and to be linked by telephone for the purpose of such meeting. Notice of any such meeting may be given by telephone. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from Singapore;
- (b) each of the Directors taking part and the Secretary must be able to hear each of the other Directors taking part subject as hereinafter mentioned throughout the meeting;
- (c) at the commencement of the meeting each Director must acknowledge his presence to all the other Directors taking part;
- (d) unless he has previously obtained the consent of the Chairman of the meeting, a Director may not leave the meeting by disconnecting his telephone and shall be conclusively presumed to have been present and to have formed part of the quorum throughout the meeting. The meeting shall be deemed to have been validly conducted notwithstanding that a Director's telephone is accidentally disconnected during the meeting, and the proceedings thereof shall be deemed to be as valid as if the telephone had not been disconnected; and
- (e) a minute of the proceedings shall be sufficient evidence thereof, conclusive evidence of any resolution of any meeting conducted in the manner as aforesaid and of the observance of all necessary formalities if certified by the Chairman and the Secretary.

121. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Directors unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business. For all purposes the quorum shall be two Directors present personally or by his alternate.

Quorum.

122. A Director may, and on the request of a Director the Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors by notice served upon the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from Singapore. Meetings.
123. The Directors shall from time to time elect a Chairman who shall preside at meetings, but if no such Chairman be elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman be not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, a substitute for that meeting shall be appointed by such meeting. Chairman.
124. Where two Directors form a quorum, the Chairman of a meeting at which only such a quorum is present or at which only two Directors are competent to vote in the question at issue, shall not have a casting vote. Save as aforesaid, in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. Chairman's casting vote.
125. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles, the continuing Directors may, except in an emergency, only act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, notwithstanding that there shall not be a quorum, but for no other purpose. Continuing Directors may act.
126. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees, consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors. Powers to delegate to committees.
127. A committee may elect a Chairman of its meetings; if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting. Meeting of committees.
128. A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. Questions how determined.
129. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as Director, shall notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director. Validity of acts notwithstanding defective appointment.
130. A resolution in writing signed by a majority of the Directors for the time being shall be valid and effectual as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of Directors duly convened and held, notwithstanding that such signing may take place at different times or places. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more Directors. The expressions "in writing" and "signed" include approval by telefax, telex, cable or telegram by any such Director. Resolutions of Directors.

MINUTES

- 131(1). The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for that purpose:- Minutes.
- (a) of all appointments of officers;

- (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of Directors;
- (c) of all orders made by the Directors and committees of Directors; and
- (d) of all resolutions and proceedings of General Meetings and of meetings of the Directors or committee of Directors.

(2) Any such minutes of any meeting of the Directors or committee of Directors or of the Company, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such meeting or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting shall be receivable as prima facie evidence of the matters stated in such minutes.

THE SEAL

132(1). The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, and the Seal shall only be used by the authority of the Directors. Every instrument to which the Seal is affixed shall bear the signatures or autographic or facsimile signatures of a Director and the Secretary or a second Director or some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose. Any facsimile signature may be reproduced by mechanical electronic or other method approved by the Directors.

The Seal.

132(2). The Company may have a duplicate common seal which shall be a facsimile of the common seal of the Company with the addition on its face of the words "Share Seal" and a certificate for shares under such duplicate seal shall be deemed to be sealed with the common seal of the Company.

132(3) The Company may exercise all the powers conferred by Section 41(7) of the Act.

THE SECRETARY

133. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term and at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them. The Directors may from time to time appoint an assistant or deputy Secretary or two or more persons as joint Secretaries upon such conditions as they may think fit.

Secretary.

134. Anything required or authorised by these Articles or the Statutes to be done by or to the Secretary may, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary or, if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially in that behalf by the Directors Provided Always that any provision of these Articles or the Statutes requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

Assistant
or deputy
Secretary.

DIVIDENDS

135. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these Articles and subject to the provisions of these Articles as to the reserve fund shall be divisible among the Members in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively. Appropriation of profits.
136. The Company in General Meeting may by Ordinary Resolution declare a dividend on or in respect of any share to the Members according to their rights and interest in the profits and may fix the time for payment. No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors but the Company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend. Declaration of Dividend.
137. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company. No dividend shall carry interest. Dividend payable out of profits.
138. The declaration of the Directors as to the net profits of the Company shall be conclusive. Declaration conclusive.
139. The Directors may from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies provided no such dividends shall be declared more than once in six months. Interim dividend.
140. The Directors may retain any dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities, or engagements in respect of which the lien exists. Debts may be deducted.
141. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer or the entry of the shares against the Depositor's name in the Depository Register, as the case may be. Effect of transfer.
142. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of wholly or partly paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company, or wholly or partly paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution; and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Member upon the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividends as may seem expedient to the Directors. Where requisite, a proper contract shall be filed in accordance with Section 63 of the Act, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective. Dividend in specie.
143. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmissions of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a Member, or which any person under those provisions is entitled to transfer until such person shall become a Member in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same. Power to retain dividends.
144. In case several persons are registered in the Register or entered in the Depository Register, as the case may be, as the holders of any share, any resolution of the Directors or the Company Payment to and receipt by joint holders.

in General Meeting declaring a dividend on shares of any class may specify that the dividend shall be payable to such persons at the close of business on a particular date and thereupon the dividend shall be payable in accordance with their respective holdings so registered. Any person registered in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, as the holder or joint holder of any share or is entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder may give effectual receipts for dividends, bonuses, other moneys payable or properties distributable and payment on account of dividends on or in respect of such shares.

145. Notice of declaration of any dividend, whether interim or otherwise, may be given by advertisement. Notice of dividend.

146. Unless otherwise directed, any dividend may be paid by cheque or dividend warrant, sent through the post to the registered address appearing in the Register or the Depository Register, as the case may be, of the Member or person entitled, or where two or more persons are registered in the Register or entered in the Depository Register, as the case may be, as joint holders or are entitled to the dividend as a result of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to that one whose name shall stand first on the Register or the Depository Register, as the case may be, in respect thereof and every cheque or dividend warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to any person and address as such Member(s) or persons(s) may direct in writing. The Company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque or dividend warrant, which shall be sent by post duly addressed to and at the sole risk of the Member or person for whom it is intended. Payment of the cheque or dividend warrant by the bank upon which they are respectively drawn shall be a full and valid discharge to the Company. Notwithstanding the provisions of these Articles, payment by the Company to the Depository of any dividend payable to a Depositor shall also be a full and valid discharge of the Company from liability to the Depositor in respect of that payment to the extent of the payment made to the Depository. Payment by post.

147. The Depository will hold all dividend unclaimed for six years after having been declared and paid before release to the Directors, and the Directors may invest or otherwise make use of the unclaimed dividends for the benefit of the Company until claimed. Unclaimed dividends.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

148(1). The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Directors, resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of the Company's reserve funds or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution; and accordingly that such sum be set free for distribution amongst the holders of shares in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividends and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such Members respectively or paying up on full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such holders or in their nominees in the proportion aforesaid or partly in the one way and partly in the other and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution Provided Always that a capital redemption reserve fund may, for the purpose of this Article, only be applied in the paying up of Capitalisation of profits and reserves.

unissued shares to be issued to such holders as fully paid bonus shares unless otherwise permitted by the provisions of the Act.

148(2). Whenever such resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the amounts resolved to be capitalised thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto with full power to the Directors to make such provision for the satisfaction of the right of the holders of such shares in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, under such resolution to a fractional part of a share by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit and also to authorise any persons to enter on behalf of such holders entitled thereto or their nominees into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid up of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation; and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such holders and their nominees.

RESERVE FUND

149. The Directors may, before declaring any dividend or bonus in respect of any class of shares out of or in respect of the earnings or profits of the Company for any yearly or other period, cause to be reserved or retained and set aside out of such sums as they may determine to form a Reserve Fund to meet contingencies or depreciation in the value of the property of the Company, or for equalising dividends or for special dividends or for distribution of bonuses or for repairing, improving and maintaining any of the property of the Company, or for such other purposes the Directors shall, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interest of the Company.

Formation and object of Reserve Fund.

ACCOUNTS

150. The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept in books provided for such purpose:-

Accounts to be kept.

- (a) of all sales and purchases by the Company;
- (b) of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matter in respect of which such receipt and expenditure takes place; and
- (c) of the assets and liabilities of the Company.

151. The books of accounts shall be kept at the Office of the Company, or at such other place or places as the Directors shall think fit. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company shall be open to the inspection of Members and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Statutes or authorised by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

Books to be kept at Office.

152. The Directors shall at some date not later than eighteen months after the date of the incorporation of the Company and subsequently once at least in every calendar year at intervals of not more than fifteen months lay before the Company at its Annual General Meeting a profit and loss account and a balance sheet for the period since the preceding Annual General Meeting (or in the

Profit and loss account.

case of the first account and balance sheet, since the date of incorporation of the Company) made up to a date not more than six months before the date of the Meeting.

153. The interval between the close of the financial year of the Company and the issue of the profit and loss account and the balance sheet relating to it shall not exceed six months. Interval between accounts.

154. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting together with a copy of the Auditors' report shall not less than fourteen clear days before the date of the Meeting, be sent to all persons entitled to receive notices of General Meetings of the Company. Copy of balance sheet to be sent to persons entitled.

AUDITS

155. Once at least in every year the accounts of the Company shall be examined and the correctness of the profit and loss account and balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditors. Annual audits.

156. The appointment and duties of such Auditor or Auditors shall be in accordance with the Statutes which may be in force in relation to such matters. Appointment of Auditors.

157. If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditor, the Directors may fill the same, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditor or Auditors, if any, may act. Casual vacancy.

158. Every account of the Directors when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive, except as regards any error discovered within that period, the account shall forthwith be corrected, and thenceforth shall be conclusive. Audited account to be conclusive.

NOTICES

159(1). A notice or other document may be served by the Company upon a Member, either personally, or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter or by telex or facsimile transmission addressed to such Member at his address as appearing in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be. How notices and documents to be served.

159(2). Notwithstanding the aforesaid provisions, where the Directors have determined that any notice or other document shall not be served to a Member in any country or jurisdiction outside the Republic of Singapore, any Member who is described in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, by an address not within the Republic of Singapore shall be deemed to be duly served with such notice or document when such notice or document is duly posted up in the Office.

160. All notices directed to be given to the Members shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share. Notice to joint holders.

161. Any Member described in the Register or the Depository Register, as the case may be, by an address not within the Republic of Singapore who shall from time to time give the Company an address within the Republic of Singapore at which notices may be served upon him shall be entitled to have served upon him at such address any notice to which he would be entitled under these Articles. Address for service.

162. As regards Members who have no address appearing in the Register or the Depository Register, as the case may be, a notice posted up in the Office shall be deemed to be duly served on them at the expiration of twenty-four hours after it is so posted up. Where no address.
163. Any document other than a notice required to be served on a Member, may be served in like manner as a notice may be given to him under these Articles. The signature to any such notice or document may be written or printed. Service of documents.
164. Any notice or other document required to be sent or served upon the Company or upon any officer of the Company may be sent or served by leaving the same or sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper or by telex or facsimile transmission addressed to the Company or to such officer at the Office. Service on Company.
165. Any notice or other document, if served or sent by post, shall be deemed to have been served at the time the same is left at the address of the Member in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, if served personally and at the time when the letter containing the same is put into the post if sent by post, (and in proving such service or sending it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post office) and at the same time the same would have reached the Member in the normal course if sent by telex or facsimile transmission. When service effected.
166. Every person who, by operation of law, transfer or any other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being registered in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, shall be duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share. Transferees bound by prior notice.
167. Any notice or document served upon or sent to, or left at the address of any Member in the Register or in the Depository Register, as the case may be, pursuant to these Articles, shall, notwithstanding that such Member be then deceased or bankrupt, and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any share held by such Member, whether held solely or jointly with other persons, until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder of such share, and such service shall, for all purposes of these Articles, be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his executors, administrators or assigns, and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in such share. Notice valid though Member deceased.
- WINDING UP
168. The Directors shall have the power to present a petition to the court in the name and on behalf of the Company for the Company to be wound up. Directors have power to present petition.
169. If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution among the Members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively. And if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed Distribution of assets in winding up.

amongst the Members in proportion to the capital at the commencement of the winding up paid up or which ought to have been paid up on the shares held by them respectively. But this Article is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

170. If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidators may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the Members in specie any part of the assets of the Company and any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the existing rights of the Members, but so that if any division is resolved or otherwise than in accordance with such rights, the Members shall have the same right of dissent and consequential rights as if such resolution were a Special Resolution passed pursuant to Section 306 of the Act. A Special Resolution sanctioning a transfer or sale to another company duly passed pursuant to the said Section may in like manner authorise the distribution of any share or other consideration receivable by the Liquidators amongst the Members otherwise than in accordance with their existing rights; and any such determination, shall be binding upon all the Members subject to the right of dissent and consequential rights conferred by the said Section.

Distribution of assets in specie.

171. On the voluntary liquidation of the Company, no commission or fee shall be paid to a liquidator unless it shall have been ratified by the Members. The amount of such payment shall be notified to all Members at least seven days prior to the meeting at which it is to be considered.

Commission or fee to liquidators.

INDEMNITY

172. Every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities (including any such liability as is mentioned in the Act), which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, and no such Directors or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this Article shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by the Act.

Indemnity of officers.

SECRECY

173. No Member shall be entitled to require the Company to disclose any information relating to any trade, business, product or process which is secret in nature which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which the Directors determine to be inexpedient and inadvisable to communicate in the best interest of the Members save as may be authorised by law.

Secrecy in the best interest of the Members.

MARGINAL NOTES

174. The marginal notes shall not affect the construction thereof.

Marginal notes.

AMENDMENTS

175. No deletion, amendment, addition or other modification shall be made to these Articles without the prior written approval of the Exchange.

Exchange approval.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND OCCUPATIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

Name : LIM SOO KONG
Address : 6E Marigold Drive
Singapore 2057
Nationality : Singaporean
NRIC No. : 1010234/J
Occupation : Businessman

Name : NGO WEE BIN
Address : 43 Wilkinson Road
Singapore 1543
Nationality : Singaporean
NRIC No. : 1138568/J
Occupation : Businessman

Dated this 31st day of August 1994.

Witness to the above signatures :-

Sgd: Kan Yut Keong
Certified Public Accountant
Coopers & Lybrand
9 Penang Road #12-00
Park Mall
Singapore 0923